


Date of compilation: 24/11/2022 Revised: 23/04/2024 Version: 4 (Replaced 3)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1 Product identifier:** CX² Ceramic Paint Protection
- Other means of identification:**
Not relevant
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:**
Relevant uses: Vehicle Underseal; water repeller. For professional users/industrial user only.
Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:**
GARDX INTERNATIONAL LTD
LAKE HOUSE, 2 PORT WAY, PORT SOLENT,
PO6 4TY PORTSMOUTH - UNITED KINGDOM
Phone: +44 (0)1243 376426
product@gardx.co.uk
www.gardx.co.uk
- AUTOMOTOSOL S.R.O
RYBNÁ 716/24
PRAHA 1
110 00
CZECH REPUBLIC
- +420 222 703288
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number:** CNN: 1012486. For 24/7 multilingual advice for spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident call Chemtrec @ +442038850382. NPIS: 0844 892 0111 (healthcare professionals only) or NHS 111

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**
GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):
Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567).
Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 3, H412
Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304
Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage, Category 1, H318
Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226
Skin Corr. 1B: Skin corrosion, Category 1B, H314
Skin Sens. 1: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1, H317
STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Hazard Category 1 (Inhalation), H372
- 2.2 Label elements:**
GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):
Danger
- 
- Hazard statements:**
Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
Skin Corr. 1B: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation). Organs affected: Central nervous system.
- Precautionary statements:**

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SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (continued)

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P273: Avoid release to the environment.
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/face protection.
P301+P330+P331: IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P501: Dispose of the contents/containers in accordance with the current legislation on waste treatment

Substances that contribute to the classification

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25 %); Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, reaction products with 3-(triethoxysilyl)-1-propanam (CAS: 475645-84-2); 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane (CAS: 919-30-2)

2.3 Other hazards:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance:

Non-applicable

3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: Mixture of polymers, dispersants and organic compounds

Components:

In accordance with Annex II of The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020, the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: Non-applicable	Hydrocarbons, C10-C13,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25 %) Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; STOT RE 1: H372; EUH066 - Danger	75 - <100 %
CAS: 475645-84-2	Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, reaction products with 3-(triethoxysilyl)-1-propanam Acute Tox. 4: H302; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; Skin Corr. 1B: H314; Water-react. 3: H261 - Danger	3 - <10 %
CAS: 919-30-2	3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane Acute Tox. 4: H302; Skin Corr. 1B: H314; Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Danger	1 - <3 %
CAS: 123-86-4	N-butyl acetate Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Warning	1 - <3 %
CAS: 302776-68-7	Hexyl 2-(1-(diethylamino)hydroxyphenyl)methanoyl)benzoate Aquatic Chronic 4: H413	1 - <3 %

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

Acute toxicity estimate for the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or as determined in accordance with Annex I to that Regulation:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
	LD50 oral	LD50 dermal	
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25 %) CAS: Non-applicable	LD50 oral	15000 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	3400 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	Not relevant	
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane CAS: 919-30-2	LD50 oral	1491 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	Not relevant	
	LC50 inhalation	Not relevant	

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product.

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SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)**By inhalation:**

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case removal could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS for the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administer anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Not relevant

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**5.1 Extinguishing media:****Suitable extinguishing media:**

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Contains substances that react with water producing extremely flammable gases.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit, ...).

Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:****For non-emergency personnel:**

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilled product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

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SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (continued)

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

DO NOT USE WATER TO CLEAN.

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in The Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for Use in Potentially Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2016 and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of The Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002, 2002 No. 2776. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Specific storage requirements

Minimum Temp.: 4 °C

Maximum Temp.: 40 °C

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace:

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits, fourth edition, published 2020:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	WEL (8h)	150 ppm	724 mg/m ³
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	WEL (15 min)	200 ppm	966 mg/m ³

The use of protection equipment will be necessary if the occupational exposure limits are exceeded.

DNEL (Workers):

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane CAS: 919-30-2 EC: 213-048-4	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	2 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	14 mg/m ³	Not relevant
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	11 mg/kg	Not relevant	11 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	600 mg/m ³	300 mg/m ³	300 mg/m ³
Hexyl 2-(1-(diethylamino)hydroxyphenyl)methanoyl)benzoate CAS: 302776-68-7 EC: 443-860-6	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	2900 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	10 mg/m ³	Not relevant

DNEL (General population):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane CAS: 919-30-2 EC: 213-048-4	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	1 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	1 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	3.5 mg/m ³	Not relevant
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	Oral	2 mg/kg	Not relevant	2 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	6 mg/kg	Not relevant	6 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	300 mg/m ³	35.7 mg/m ³	35.7 mg/m ³

PNEC:


Identification					
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane CAS: 919-30-2 EC: 213-048-4	STP	1.3 mg/L	Fresh water	Not relevant	
	Soil	Not relevant	Marine water	Not relevant	
	Intermittent	Not relevant	Sediment (Fresh water)	Not relevant	
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	Not relevant	
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	STP	35.6 mg/L	Fresh water	0.18 mg/L	
	Soil	0.09 mg/kg	Marine water	0.018 mg/L	
	Intermittent	0.36 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0.981 mg/kg	
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0.098 mg/kg	
Hexyl 2-(1-(diethylamino)hydroxyphenyl)methanoyl)benzoate CAS: 302776-68-7 EC: 443-860-6	STP	Not relevant	Fresh water	Not relevant	
	Soil	10 mg/kg	Marine water	Not relevant	
	Intermittent	Not relevant	Sediment (Fresh water)	0.536 mg/kg	
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0.0536 mg/kg	

8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

In accordance with the order of importance to control professional exposure it is recommended to use localized extraction in the work area as a collective protection measure to avoid exceeding the occupational exposure limits. In case of using personal protective equipment it should have <<UKCA marking>> or <<CE marking>>. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.



B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours (Filter type: A)	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

C.- Specific protection for the hands


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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)



Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves (Material: Nitrile, Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.1 mm)	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin.
 Mandatory hand protection	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Nitrile, Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.1 mm, Conditions of use: Splashing)	Replace the gloves at any sign of deterioration.

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.



D.- Eye and face protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Face shield	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
	Work clothing	Replace before any evidence of deterioration. For periods of prolonged exposure to the product for professional/industrial users CE III is recommended, in accordance with the regulations in EN ISO 6529:2013, EN ISO 6530:2005, EN ISO 13688:2013, EN 464:1994.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C: Liquid
Appearance: Transparent
Colour: Yellowish

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Odour:	Ammoniacal
Odour threshold:	Not relevant *
Volatility:	
Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	189 °C
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	54 Pa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	322.45 Pa (0.32 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Product description:	
Density at 20 °C:	827.9 kg/m ³
Relative density at 20 °C:	0.818 - 0.838
Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	<20.49 mm ² /s
Concentration:	Not relevant *
pH:	Not relevant *
Vapour density at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Solubility in water at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Solubility properties:	Insoluble in water
Decomposition temperature:	Not relevant *
Melting point/freezing point:	Not relevant *
Flammability:	
Flash Point:	~32 °C
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not relevant *
Autoignition temperature:	300 °C
Lower flammability limit:	Not available
Upper flammability limit:	Not available
Particle characteristics:	
Median equivalent diameter:	Non-applicable

9.2 Other information:

Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Explosive properties:	Not relevant *
Oxidising properties:	Not relevant *
Corrosive to metals:	Not relevant *
Heat of combustion:	Not relevant *
Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components:	Not relevant *

Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Refraction index:	Not relevant *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Precaution

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Precaution	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Corrosive product, if it is swallowed causes burns destroying the tissues. For more information about secondary effects from skin contact see section 2.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Prolonged inhalation of the product is corrosive to mucous membranes and the upper respiratory tract

C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Above all, skin contact may occur as fabrics of all thicknesses can be destroyed, resulting in burns. For more information on the secondary effects see section 2.
- Contact with the eyes: Produces serious eye damage after contact.

D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.

F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Serious health effects in the case of prolonged inhalation, including death, serious functional disorders or morphological changes of toxicological importance. Organs affected: Central nervous system.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.

H- Aspiration hazard:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other information:

Not relevant

Product-specific toxicological information:

Acute toxicity		Genus
LC50 inhalation	20.1 mg/L	

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
	LD50 oral	LD50 dermal	
Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, reaction products with 3-(triethoxysilyl)-1-propanam CAS: 475645-84-2	>301 mg/kg	>5000 mg/kg	Rat
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane CAS: 919-30-2	1491 mg/kg (ATEI)	4000 mg/kg	Rat
			Rabbit
		>20 mg/L	
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25 %) CAS: Non-applicable	15000 mg/kg	3400 mg/kg	Rat
			Rabbit
		>13.1 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Hexyl 2-(1-(diethylaminohydroxyphenyl)methanoyl)benzoate CAS: 302776-68-7	>5000 mg/kg	>5000 mg/kg	
		>5 mg/L	
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	12789 mg/kg	14112 mg/kg	Rat
			Rabbit
		23.4 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.1 Toxicity:

Acute toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
	LC50	EC50		
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25 %) CAS: Non-applicable	>10 - 100 mg/L (96 h)			Fish
	>10 - 100 mg/L (48 h)			Crustacean
	>10 - 100 mg/L (72 h)			Algae
Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, reaction products with 3-(triethoxysilyl)-1-propanam CAS: 475645-84-2	>10 - 100 mg/L (96 h)			Fish
	>10 - 100 mg/L (48 h)			Crustacean
	>10 - 100 mg/L (72 h)			Algae
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane CAS: 919-30-2	934 mg/L (96 h)		Danio rerio	Fish
	331 mg/L (48 h)		N/A	Crustacean
	603 mg/L (72 h)		Desmodesmus subspicatus	Algae
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	18 mg/L (96 h)		Pimephales promelas	Fish
	44 mg/L (48 h)		Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	675 mg/L (72 h)		Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
Hexyl 2-(1-(diethylaminohydroxyphenyl)methanoyl)benzoate CAS: 302776-68-7	LC50	>100 mg/L (96 h)	Brachydanio rerio	Fish
	EC50	>100 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	>100 mg/L (72 h)	Desmodesmus subspicatus	Algae

Chronic toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	NOEC	Not relevant		
	NOEC	23.2 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Hexyl 2-(1-(diethylaminohydroxyphenyl)methanoyl)benzoate CAS: 302776-68-7	NOEC	0.0088 mg/L	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	NOEC	0.0127 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane CAS: 919-30-2	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	Not relevant
	COD	Not relevant	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	67 %
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	Not relevant
	COD	Not relevant	Period	5 days
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	84 %

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	BCF	4
	Pow Log	1.78
	Potential	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	Koc	Not relevant	Henry	Not relevant
	Conclusion	Not relevant	Dry soil	Not relevant
	Surface tension	2.478E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Not relevant

Insoluble in water

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Type of waste:

Not relevant

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance The Waste (England & Wales) Regulations 2011, 2011 No. 988. As under 15 01 of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-hazardous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of UK REACH the provisions related to waste management are stated:

UK legislation: The Waste (England & Wales) Regulations 2011.

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -

CX² Ceramic Paint Protection

Date of compilation: 24/11/2022 Revised: 23/04/2024 Version: 4 (Replaced 3)

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2023 and RID 2023:



- | | |
|---|---|
| 14.1 UN number: | UN2920 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name: | CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, reaction products with 3-(triethoxysilyl)-1-propanam; N-butyl acetate) |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es): | 8 |
| Labels: | 8, 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group: | II |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards: | No |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | |
| Tunnel restriction code: | D/E |
| Physico-Chemical properties: | see section 9 |
| Limited quantities: | 1 L |
| 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code: | Not relevant |

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 41-22:



- | | |
|---|---|
| 14.1 UN number: | UN2920 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name: | CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, reaction products with 3-(triethoxysilyl)-1-propanam; N-butyl acetate) |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es): | 8 |
| Labels: | 8, 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group: | II |
| 14.5 Marine pollutant: | No |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | |
| Special regulations: | 274 |
| EmS Codes: | F-E, S-C |
| Physico-Chemical properties: | see section 9 |
| Limited quantities: | 1 L |
| Segregation group: | Not relevant |
| 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code: | Not relevant |

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2024:



- | | |
|---|---|
| 14.1 UN number: | UN2920 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name: | CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, reaction products with 3-(triethoxysilyl)-1-propanam; N-butyl acetate) |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es): | 8 |
| Labels: | 8, 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group: | II |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards: | No |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | |
| Physico-Chemical properties: | see section 9 |
| 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code: | Not relevant |

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:**

- Substances listed in UK candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHCs): Not relevant
- Substances listed in UK REACH Authorisation List (Annex 14): Not relevant

Restrictions to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII UK REACH, etc):

Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended)

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**Legislation related to safety data sheets:**

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation). Organs affected: Central nervous system.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):

Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic Chronic 4: H413 - May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Corr. 1B: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Water-react. 3: H261 - In contact with water releases flammable gases.

Classification procedure:

Skin Corr. 1B: Calculation method

Eye Dam. 1: Calculation method

Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method

Skin Sens. 1: Calculation method

STOT RE 1: Calculation method

Asp. Tox. 1: Calculation method

Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)

Advice related to training:

Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

<http://echa.europa.eu>
<http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor

LD50: Lethal Dose 50

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50

EC50: Effective concentration 50

LogPOW: Octanolwater partition coefficient

Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

UFI: unique formula identifier

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at UK, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

- END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET -